

Name: _____

Group: _____

1 ESO

1. Write the words below in your own language. You can use a dictionary.

1. same 2. both 3. different

2. Read the text about twins.

TWINS

Tom and Greg are twins. They look the same. They are both tall and thin and they have both got dark eyes and black hair. Sometimes their friends don't know who is Greg and who is Tom. They are both good students – clever and hard-working. They have got the same personality, too. They are quiet, shy and serious. And they often think the same. Tom sometimes starts a sentence and Greg finishes it.

Jessie and John are twins too, but they look different. They have both got fair hair but Jessie's hair is long and straight and John's hair is short and curly. Jessie is clever and she is hard-working. John is clever too, but he is sometimes lazy about schoolwork. John and Jessie are often good friends, but sometimes they aren't – just like many other brothers and sisters.

3. Complete the questions with *Who*, *What* or *Why*. Then answer the questions.

1. colour is Tom's hair?
.....
2. does Jessie's hair look like?
.....
3. problem have Tom and Greg's friends got?
.....
4. do Tom and Greg look the same?
.....
5. are Jessie and John similar to other brothers and sisters?
.....
6. is quiet and serious?
.....

4. Who is talking? Write the name from the text in Exercise 2.

1. I'm tall and I've got black hair. I've got a twin brother. He looks like me. Sometimes our friends call me "Greg", but Greg is my brother.
2. I've got a twin, but we don't look the same. I have got curly hair and my sister has got straight hair.
3. My brother and I have got the same birthday. That's because we're twins! But we are very different. I'm a good student, but my brother doesn't like schoolwork.

5. Imagine you are the fourth twin in the text. Describe yourself.

.....
.....
.....

6. Write about two brothers, two sisters, a brother and a sister or twins that you know. Include:

their names • their ages • their appearance • their personalities

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

1. What is your favourite flavour of ice cream? Choose one of the flavours below.

- ... a. chocolate ... b. vanilla ... c. strawberry ... d. cheese

2. Read the text about ice cream.

CHOCOLATE, VANILLA AND ... CHICKEN?

Do you like ice cream? Ice cream is a very popular dessert all around the world. The traditional flavours – vanilla, chocolate and strawberry – are favourites in many places. For example, they are three of the four favourite flavours of ice cream in Japan and the USA. There is even a type of ice cream called Neapolitan. It's 1/3 vanilla, 1/3 chocolate and 1/3 strawberry.

So how many different flavours of ice cream are there? There are hundreds! Some types of ice cream have got fruit flavours or different types of chocolate. There are some very unusual flavours, too. For example, in Japan, people love green tea ice cream. You can find corn ice cream in Mexico and avocado ice cream in Brazil. There's a type of Peruvian ice cream with strawberries and jalapeños and they've got caviar ice cream in France. In Merida, Venezuela, there's an ice cream shop with spaghetti and cheese ice cream. Disgusting? Then don't try Japanese chicken wing ice cream or Indian fish ice cream!

3. Complete the questions with *Is there*, *Are there* or *How many*. Then answer the questions.

1. popular flavours of ice cream in Japan are there in the text?
.....
2. different flavours of ice cream are there?
.....
3. an African country in the text?
.....
4. any South American countries in the text?
.....
5. nationalities are there in the text?
.....

4. Answer the questions.

1. Which ice cream flavours are popular in the USA?

.....

2. What are the ice cream flavours from fruit and vegetables in the text?

.....

3. Which ice cream flavours come from animals?

.....

5. Look at the menu from White Ice Cream Café. Write about the ice cream shop. Use quantifiers and the correct form of *There is* or *There are*.

White Ice Cream Café

20 White Street
Whitecastle, England

Everything is white!
Nothing is pink, orange, green or brown.

Ice cream flavours:

Vanilla	Popcorn	Cheesecake
Meringue	White chocolate	Ricemilk mousse

Drinks:

Milk
White chocolate milk
Hot white chocolate milk

.....
.....
.....
.....

1. Write the words below in your own language. You can use a dictionary.

1. blood 2. disease 3. dry

2. Read the text.

MOSQUITOES

People hate mosquitoes. Mosquitoes fly around us at night and they drink our blood. They can make us ill, too. They sometimes carry the malaria bacteria or a virus. These diseases kill two million people every year! Is there anything we can do about these horrible mosquitoes? First, it's important to know about them. Then, we can find solutions to the problem.

Mosquitoes have got thousands of eggs. They put their eggs in water and the insects grow there, so there aren't many mosquitoes in dry places. Mosquitoes like dark places, so there are many mosquitoes around at night. They like dark colours, too, and their favourite colour is blue.

There are many solutions to the mosquito problem. For example, you can buy a mosquito zapper. This special apparatus kills mosquitoes. You can use chemicals to kill mosquitoes and their eggs, too. At night, you can wear long clothes. And remember! Don't wear blue!

3. Match A to B to make true sentences.

A

1. Mosquitoes drink our
2. Mosquitoes have got thousands of
3. Mosquitoes grow in
4. People kill mosquitoes with
5. Mosquitoes like dark

B

- a. chemicals.
- b. places.
- c. blood.
- d. eggs.
- e. water.

4. Complete the sentences with the correct adverb of frequency. There can be more than one correct answer.

1. Mosquitoes carry diseases.
2. They live in dry places.
3. Mosquitoes don't fly around in the day.
4. They prefer blue.
5. People kill mosquitoes with mosquito zappers.

5. Write three true and three false statements about one type of animal. Use an encyclopedia or the Internet to help you.

1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
6.

1. Read the telephone conversation between Ross and his friend.

“Hi Eddy. It’s Ross. I’m in London with Sal and Pamela. I’m sitting next to City Hall at the moment. Guess where Sal and Pamela are? They’re flying above London in a hot air balloon! I’m waiting for them here with our bags, but it’s my turn next. It’s amazing. People usually travel around for days to see London. But now you can see it all in one hour on the Adventure Balloons tour.

I’m reading the brochure about the tour right now. There are tours on Mondays to Fridays, but the balloons don’t fly in the rain. You travel over Big Ben, the London Eye, Buckingham Palace, Hyde Park, Wembley Stadium, the Tate Museum and all the other interesting places. And you can see for kilometres in every direction. Oh, I can see the balloon now! It’s over Tower Bridge on the River Thames and it’s travelling in this direction. Oh, no! It’s starting to rain. Now I can’t go on the tour!”

2. Complete the sentences with the affirmative or negative form of the Present Continuous.

1. Ross (read) about the River Thames at the moment.
2. Sal and Pamela (fly) in the hot air balloon.
3. Ross (wait) with the bags.
4. The balloon (travel) over City Hall right now.
5. It (start) to rain.

3. Answer the questions according to Exercise 1.

1. Where is Ross at the moment?
.....
2. What is different about the balloon trip and the usual way to see London?
.....
3. When does the balloon usually fly?
.....
4. What do you see from the balloon?
.....
5. Why doesn’t Ross go on the balloon trip after Sal and Pamela?
.....

4. Sal is talking to Ross from the hot air balloon. Imagine you’re Sal. What is happening? Tell Ross.

.....

1. Write the words next to the correct picture.

hill • stream • field

a



.....

b



.....

c



.....

2. Read the text.

AND THE WINNER IS ...

The Horse Versus Man Marathon is a popular sports event in Wales. It is very unusual because people and horses run in the same race! The marathon occurs every year in June in the Welsh town of Llanwetyd Wells. Hundreds of people and horses come from all over the world to participate.

The marathon has got very simple rules. Humans and horses can run in the race, but each horse must have a rider. Humans and horses run for 35 kilometres and the first person or horse to pass the finish line wins the race. A true marathon is 42.1 kilometres, and this race is only 35 kilometres, but it is very difficult. The race starts in the town centre. The runners race over roads, up hills and across fields and streams. The horses must stop for a few minutes during the race so a vet can check them.

Horses can run very fast so they usually win the race. Huw Lobb, from London, is the first human to win a Horse Versus Man Marathon. Lobb often runs in marathons, but he doesn't usually run with horses. He is very happy about his amazing win.

3. Complete the sentences with the words below. Make the sentences true according to the text. You can use the words more than once.

at all • very • not at all

1. The Horse Versus Man Marathon is popular in Wales.
2. The rules are complicated.
3. The race isn't easy for humans or horses.
4. The race is special.
5. A marathon is a short race.

4. Answer the questions.

1. Where is the Horse Versus Man Marathon?

.....

2. Where do the people and horses run?

.....

3. How far do they run?

.....

4. How do you win the marathon?

.....

5. Who is Huw Lobb?

.....

5. Look at the fact file about a special sports event in England. Write a paragraph about it.

Fact File	
Name of event:	Royal Ascot
Where:	Ascot, England
Type of event:	horse races
Races:	30 races in 5 days
Special because:	The Queen always goes; people wear special clothes

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